SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name/designation

374246 Special Lacquer
UFI: W2SA-2VUQ-020F-8DC6

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Coating (Paint, Varnish)

Uses advised against

Do not use for products which come into contact with the food stuffs.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Heinrich König GmbH & Co.KG
An der Rosenhelle 5
61138 Niederdorfelden
Germany

Telephone: +49610153600
Telefax: +496101536011
E-mail: info@heinrich-koenig.de
Website: www.heinrich-koenig.de

Department responsible for information

E-mail (competent person): SDB@heinrich-koenig.de
Telephone: Telephone: +496101536071

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency CONTACT (24-Hour-Number): GBK GmbH
+496132-84463

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].

Aerosol 1	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol 1	H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Eye Irrit. 2	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3 Narcotic effects	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms

GHS02 GHS07

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Hazard components for labelling

n-butyl acetate

Supplemental hazard information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2.3 Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.
This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients.

3.2 Mixtures

Description

Aerosol

Hazardous ingredients

CAS No. EC No. Index No.	Substance name REACH No. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]	% [mass]
115-10-6 204-065-8 603-019-00-8	**dimethyl ether** 01-2119472128-37-xxxx Flam. Gas 1 H220 / Liquef. Gas H280 ATE (inhalative): > 20,000 ppmV (4 h)Substance with a common (EC) occupational exposure limit value.	35,0 < 50,0
123-86-4 204-658-1 607-025-00-1	**n-butyl acetate** 01-2119485493-29-xxxx Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066 ATE (oral): = 10,760 mg/kg ATE (dermal): > 14,112 mg/kg ATE (inhalative): = 23.4 mg/L (4 h)	20,0 < 25,0
78-93-3 201-159-0 606-002-00-3	**butanone** 01-2119457290-43-xxxx Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066 ATE (oral): > 2,193 mg/kg ATE (dermal): > 5,000 mg/kg ATE (inhalative): = 34 mg/L (4 h)	5,00 < 7,00
108-21-4 203-561-1 607-024-00-6	**isopropyl acetate** 01-2119537214-46-xxxx Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066 ATE (dermal): = 17,400 mg/kg ATE (oral): = 9,800 mg/kg ATE (inhalative): = 25,300 mg/L (4 h)	3,00 < 5,00
108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7	**2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate** 01-2119475791-29-xxxx Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 ATE (oral): = 8,532 mg/kg ATE (dermal): > 5,000 mg/kg	1,00 < 2,00

Remark

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. If unconscious but breathing normally, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

Following inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Strong water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

Hazardous combustion products

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, smoke, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13).

For cleaning up

Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8
Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advices on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Avoid respiration of swarf. Personal protection equipment: see section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Advices on general occupational hygiene

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Storage class LGK2B - Aerosol dispensers and lighters

Further information on storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

CAS No.	Substance name	Source	Long-term /short-term (Spitzenbegrenzung)
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	WEL	274 / 548 (-) mg/m³ (may be absorbed through the skin)
78-93-3	butanone	WEL	600 / 899 (-) mg/m³
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	WEL	766 / 958 (-) mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	WEL	- / 849 (-) mg/m³
-	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]	WEL	10 / - (-) mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
-	titanium dioxide [in powder form containing 1 % or more of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm]	WEL	4 / - (-) mg/m³ (respirable fraction)

Additional information

Long-term: Long-term occupational exposure limit value
short-term: short-term occupational exposure limit value

Biological limit values

CAS No.	Substance name	Source	Value/ Test material
78-93-3	butanone	BMGV	70 µmol/L / urine end of exposure or end of shift

DNEL worker

CAS No.	Substance name	DNEL type	DNEL value
78-93-3	butanone	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	600 mg/m³
78-93-3	butanone	DNEL long-term dermal (systemic)	1,161 mg/kg
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	1,894 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (local)	420 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	420 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL acute inhalative (systemic)	850 mg/m³

108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term dermal (systemic)	43 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (local)	300 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	48 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL acute inhalative (systemic)	600 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL acute inhalative (local)	600 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term dermal (systemic)	7 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic)	11 mg/kg

DNEL Consumer

CAS No.	Substance name	DNEL type	DNEL value
78-93-3	butanone	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	106 mg/m³
78-93-3	butanone	DNEL acute dermal, short-term (local)	412 mg/kg
78-93-3	butanone	DNEL long-term dermal (systemic)	206 mg/kg
78-93-3	butanone	DNEL long-term oral (repeated)	31 mg/kg
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	471 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (local)	252 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	252 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL acute inhalative (systemic)	510 mg/m³
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term dermal (systemic)	26 mg/kg
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	DNEL long-term oral (repeated)	26 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (local)	35.7 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term inhalative (systemic)	12 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL acute inhalative (systemic)	300 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL acute inhalative (local)	300 mg/m³
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL short-term oral (acute)	2 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term dermal (systemic)	3.4 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL acute dermal, short-term (systemic)	6 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	DNEL long-term oral (repeated)	2 mg/kg

PNEC

CAS No.	Substance name	PNEC type	PNEC Value
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC sediment, freshwater	284.7 mg/kg
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC aquatic, marine water	55.8 mg/L
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC aquatic, freshwater	55.8 mg/L
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC sediment, marine water	284.7 mg/kg
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC soil, freshwater	22.5 mg/kg
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC aquatic, intermittent release	55.8 mg/L
78-93-3	butanone	PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP)	709 mg/L
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	PNEC sediment, freshwater	0.681 mg/kg
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	PNEC soil, freshwater	0.045 mg/kg

115-10-6	dimethyl ether	PNEC aquatic, freshwater	0.155 mg/L
115-10-6	dimethyl ether	PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP)	160 mg/L
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	PNEC sediment, freshwater	1.25 mg/kg
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	PNEC aquatic, marine water	0.022 mg/L
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	PNEC aquatic, intermittent release	1.1 mg/L
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	PNEC aquatic, freshwater	0.22 mg/L
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	PNEC sediment, marine water	0.125 mg/kg
108-21-4	isopropyl acetate	PNEC soil, freshwater	0.35 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC sediment, freshwater	0.981 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC aquatic, marine water	0.018 mg/L
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC aquatic, intermittent release	0.36 mg/L
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC aquatic, freshwater	0.18 mg/L
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC sediment, marine water	0.098 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC soil, freshwater	0.09 mg/kg
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP)	35.6 mg/L

8.2 Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Observe the wear time limits according GefStoffV in combination with the rules for using respiratory protection apparatus (BGR 190). Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Hand protection

Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber)
Thickness of the glove material >= 0.4 mm
Breakthrough time >= 480 min

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin.
Recommended glove articles: EN ISO 374

Skin protection

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Eye glasses with side protection: EN 166

Body protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing with CE-labels including the four control digits must be worn. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended.

Remark

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	refer to label
Odour	typical
pH at 20 °C	not applicable

Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	-24 °C
Flash point	-41 °C
flammability	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Lower explosion limit at 20°C	1.2 Vol-%
	Source: n-butyl acetate
Upper explosion limit at 20°C	26.2 Vol-%
	Source: dimethyl ether
Vapour pressure at 20°C	4,940.695 mbar
Relative vapour density	not applicable
Density at 20 °C	0.8 kg/l
Water solubility at 20°C	practically insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	see section 12
Auto-ignition temperature	272 °C
	Source: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Decomposition temperature	not determined
Viscosity at 20 °C	20 mm²/s
particle characteristics	not applicable

9.2 Other information

solvent content	86.3 %
Water content:	0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from strong acids, strong bases and strong oxidizing agents to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Stable when applying the recommended regulations for storage and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer to section 7. Hazardous decomposition byproducts may form with exposure to high temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No further relevant information available.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products in case of fire: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
LD50: oral (Rat): = 8,532 mg/kg

LD50: dermal (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

butanone
LD50: oral (Rat): > 2,193 mg/kg; (OECD 423)

LD50: dermal (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg; (OECD 402)

LC50: inhalative (Rat): = 34 mg/L (4 h)

dimethyl ether
LC50: inhalative (Rat): > 20,000 ppmV (4 h)

isopropyl acetate
LD50: dermal (Rabbit): = 17,400 mg/kg

LD50: oral (Rat): = 9,800 mg/kg; (OECD 401)

LC50: inhalative (Rat): = 25,300 mg/L (4 h)

n-butyl acetate
LD50: oral (Rat): = 10,760 mg/kg; (OECD 423)

LD50: dermal (Rabbit): > 14,112 mg/kg; (OECD 402)

LC50: inhalative (Rat): = 23.4 mg/L (4 h); (OECD 403)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Overall assessment on CMR properties

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: Headache, Dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, Dizziness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye irritation and reversible damage.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

butanone
EC0 (Pseudomonas putida): = 1,150 mg/L (16 h)

Algae toxicity
ErC50: (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): = 1,972 mg/L (72 h)
Method: OECD 201

isopropyl acetate
ErC50: (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): = 370 mg/L (72 h)

n-butyl acetate
EC50 = 397 mg/L (72 h)
Method: OECD 201

Daphnia toxicity
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Big water flea)): > 500 mg/L (48 h)

butanone

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Big water flea)): = 308 mg/L (48 h)
Method: OECD 202

isopropyl acetate
LC50: (Daphnia magna (Big water flea)): > 1,000 (48 d)

n-butyl acetate
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Big water flea)): = 44 mg/L (48 h)
Method: OECD 202

Fish toxicity
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
LC50: (Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)): = 134 mg/L (96 h)
Method: OECD 203

butanone
LC50: (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): = 2,990 mg/L (96 h)
Method: OECD 203

isopropyl acetate
LC50: (Leuciscus idus (golden orfe)): = 720 mg/L (96 h)

n-butyl acetate
LC50: (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): = 18 mg/L (96 h)
Method: OECD 203

12.2 Persistence and degradability

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Biodegradation = 100 % (8 d)

butanone
Biodegradation = 98 % (28 d)

isopropyl acetate
Biodegradation = 76 % (20 d)

n-butyl acetate
Biodegradation = 83 % (28 d)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water = 1.2

butanone
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water = 0.3

dimethyl ether
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water = 0.7

isopropyl acetate
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water = 1.18

n-butyl acetate
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water = 2.3
Method: OECD 117

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal

Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. Waste disposal according to directive 2008/98/EC, covering waste and dangerous waste.

Waste codes/waste designations according to EWC/AVV

150110* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances
* Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC (waste framework directive).

Other disposal recommendations

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Vessels not properly emptied are special waste.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

UN 1950

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Aerosols, flammable

Sea transport (IMDG)

Aerosols, flammable

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Aerosols, flammable

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Land transport (ADR/RID)	2.1
Sea transport (IMDG)	2.1
Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	2.1

14.4 Packing group

not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards

Land transport (ADR/RID)	not applicable
Sea transport (IMDG)	not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport always in closed, upright and safe containers. Make sure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of an accident or leakage.
Advices on safe handling: see parts 6 - 8

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No transport as bulk according to IBC Code.

14.8 Additional information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code: D
Limited quantity (LQ): 1 ltr
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.): 23

Sea transport (IMDG)

EmS-No.: F-D, S-U
Limited quantity (LQ): 1 ltr

Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Limited quantity (LQ): 30 Kilogramm

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XVII (restrictions)

Use restriction according to REACH annex XVII, no.: 03, 40

Restrictions of occupation

Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, if applicable. Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter national regulations, if applicable.

Directive 2010/75/EU on industrial emissions [Industrial Emissions Directive]

VOC value: 688 g/l

Directive 2012/18/EU on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances [Seveso-III-Directive]
Hazard categories / Named dangerous substances

P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS
Quantity 1: 150t; Quantity 2: 500t

National regulations

Observe in addition any national regulations!

Water hazard class

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

REACH No.	Substance name	CAS No. EC No.
01-2119475791-29-xxxx	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6 203-603-9
01-2119457290-43-xxxx	butanone	78-93-3 201-159-0
01-2119472128-37-xxxx	dimethyl ether	115-10-6 204-065-8
01-2119537214-46-xxxx	isopropyl acetate	108-21-4 203-561-1
01-2119485493-29-xxxx	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4 204-658-1

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant hazard statements and/or precautionary statements from sections 2 to 15

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol 1	On basis of test data.
Aerosol 1	On basis of test data.
Eye Irrit. 2	Calculation method.
STOT SE 3 Narcotic effects	Calculation method.

Key literature references and sources for data

Data arise from reference works and literature.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit Value
BLV: Biological limit values
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
DIN: German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
EAKV: European Waste Catalogue Directive
EC: Effective Concentration
EC: European Community
EN: European Standard
EU/EEA: European Economic Area

IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations
IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
ICAO-TI: International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
IMDG Code: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
ISO: International Organization for Standardization
LC: Lethal Concentration
LD: Lethal Dose
:
MARPOL: Maritime Pollution: The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD: Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
UN: United Nations
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Indication of changes

* Data changed compared with the previous version.