

Safety Data Sheet
ULTRA RAPID CLEANER

Safety Data Sheet dated 26/3/2019, edition 3, version 5

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name:

ULTRA RAPID CLEANER OTTIMO (10 L)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use:

Mixtures for the industrial and/or professional care and maintenance of leather and fabric.

Uses advised against:

Stick to the recommended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:

FENICE S.p.A. - V. del Lavoro,1 - 36078 Valdagno (VI) Italy

FENICE S.p.A. - Tel. +39.0445.424.888

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

ufficio.sicurezza@fenice.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

FENICE S.p.A. - Tel. +39.0445.424.888 (8:00-12:00; 14:00-17:30)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

 Danger, Eye Dam. 1, Causes serious eye damage.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear eye/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

Special Provisions:

None

Contains

Isotrideceth ethoxylated alcohol

Triethanolamine Laurylsulfate

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:
None

2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

Other Hazards:

No other hazards.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not available

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification (The higher extreme values, if indicated, are to be considered excluded):

5% - 7% 2-butoxyethanol

REACH No.: 01-2119475108-36, Index number: 603-014-00-0, CAS: 111-76-2, EC: 203-905-0

⚠ 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

⚠ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315

⚠ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302

⚠ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312

⚠ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332

3% - 5% (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

REACH No.: 01-2119450011-60, CAS: 34590-94-8, EC: 252-104-2

Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.

1% - 3% Isotrideceth ethoxylated alcohol

CAS: 9043-30-5, EC: 500-027-2

⚠ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302

4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

⚠ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318

1% - 3% Triethanolamine Laurylsulfate

CAS: 90583-18-9, EC: 939-265-0

⚠ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315

⚠ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318

4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

For the full text of the hazard statements (H) see section16.

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents):

non-ionic surfactants <5%

anionic surfactants <5%

Preservatives:

Methylisothiazolinone

1,2-benzisotiazol-3(2H)-one

Octylisothiazolinone

perfumes

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

In case of respiratory problems, medical care is needed.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For the most important symptoms and effects, caused by exposure, see the label (section 2) and/or section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO₂, foam, dry extinguishers, nebulised water.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use jets of water as it can cause the spread of fire.

Water can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not inhale combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

EQUIPMENT

Fire fighting clothing i. e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure air breathing apparatus (BN EN 137).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

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- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 Wear personal protection equipment.
 Remove persons to safety.
 See protective measures under point 7 and 8.
- 6.2. Environmental precautions
 Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
 In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.
 Suitable material for taking up: inert absorbing material.
- 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
 Stop the leak or spill if this is not a risk. Use inert absorbent material to surround the contaminated area.
 Collect the product wearing, if necessary, appropriate protective equipment for a possible recovering or for disposal. Dispose in line with current laws and norms. Do not pour into drains.
- 6.4. Reference to other sections
 See also section 8 and 13
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- 7.1. Precautions for safe handling
 Do not eat or drink while working. Do not smoke.
 Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
 Avoid contemporary handling of any incompatible materials (see section 10).
 Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
 Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
 Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
 Wash hands thoroughly after shift.
 See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.
- 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
 Store in a well-ventilated place at a temperature between +5/40°C.
 Keep away from food, drink and feed.
 Incompatible materials:
 None in particular. See also section 10.
 Instructions as regards storage premises:
 Adequately ventilated premises.
- 7.3. Specific end use(s)
 None in particular, except those listed in paragraph 1.2.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Source: GESTIS International Limit Values Database

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 97 mg/m³, 20 ppm

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr

EU - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m³, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m³, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin

Deutschaland (AGS) - TWA: 49 mg/m³, 10 ppm - STEL(): 196 mg/m³, 40 ppm

Deutschaland (DFG) - TWA: 49 mg/m³, 10 ppm - STEL(): 98 mg/m³, 20 ppm

España - TWA: 98 mg/m³, 20 ppm - STEL: 245 mg/m³, 50 ppm

France - TWA: 49 mg/m³, 10 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m³, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding

Italia - TWA: 98 mg/m³, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m³, 50 ppm

Nederland - TWA: 100 mg/m³ - STEL: 246 mg/m³

Österreich - TWA: 98 mg/m³, 20 ppm - STEL: 200 mg/m³, 40 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert
 Polska - TWA: 98 mg/m³ - STEL: 200 mg/m³
 România - TWA: 150 mg/m³, 30 ppm - STEL(): 250 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 Sverige - TWA: 50 mg/m³, 10 ppm - STEL(): 246 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 Türkiye - TWA: 98 mg/m³, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 United Kingdom - TWA: 123 mg/m³, 25 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8
 TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 606 mg/m³, 100 ppm - STEL: 909 mg/m³, 150 ppm
 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: Skin - Eye and URT irr, CNS impair
 EU - TWA(8h): 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin
 Deutschland (AGS) - TWA: 310 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STEL(): 310 mg/m³, 50 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour
 Deutschland (DFG) - TWA: 310 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STEL(): 310 mg/m³, 50 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour
 España - TWA: 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 France - TWA: 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding
 Italia - TWA: 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 Nederland - TWA: 300 mg/m³
 Österreich - TWA: 307 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STEL: 614 mg/m³, 100 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert
 Polska - TWA: 240 mg/m³ - STEL: 280 mg/m³
 România - TWA: 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 Sverige - TWA: 300 mg/m³, 50 ppm - STEL(): 450 mg/m³, 75 ppm
 Türkiye - TWA: 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 United Kingdom - TWA: 308 mg/m³, 50 ppm
 People's Republic of China - TWA: 600 mg/m³ - STEL: 900 mg/m³ - Notes: skin

Legal base:

TLV-ACGIH: ACGIH 2014 and updates
 UE European Union: Directive 2000/39/CE**
 Deutschland (AGS): Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe, Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte, TRGS 900**
 Deutschland (DFG): MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012**
 España: INSHT Limites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015**
 France: Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en france. ED 984. INRS (2006)**
 Italia: Decreto Ministeriale 26/02/2004**
 Nederland: Nationale wettelijke publieke grenswaarden**
 Österreich: Grenzwertverordnung 2003 - GVK 2003**
 România: HOTARÂRE Nr. 1218 din 6 septembrie 2006 and Complement from 2012 at www.mmuncii.ro**
 Sverige: Occupational Exposure Limit Values, Statute Book of the Swedish Work Environment Authority, AFS 2011:18, English Translation**
 United Kingdom: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits**

**and updates

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects
 Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
 Worker Industry: 1091 mg/m - Consumer: 147 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects
 Consumer: 426 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects
 Worker Industry: 98 mg/m - Consumer: 59 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects
 Worker Industry: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, local effects
 Consumer: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 125 mg/kg - Consumer: 75 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

Consumer: 36 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 308 mg/m - Consumer: 37.2 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 283 mg/kg - Consumer: 121 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 463 mg/l

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.33 mg/kg

Target: Food chain - Value: 20 mg/kg - Type of hazard: Secondary poisoning

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 19 mg/l

Target: Marine water - Value: 1.9 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 70.2 mg/kg

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 7.02 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 4168 mg/l

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.74 mg/kg

Biological Exposure Index

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Value: 100 mg/L - Biological Indicator: Butossiatico acid (BAA) in urine - Sampling Period: End of working week (TRGS 903)

Value: 150 mg/g - medium: Urine - Biological Indicator: Butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) - Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week creatinine (TRGS 903)

8.2. Exposure controls

As the adoption of adequate preventive measures must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that:

- in case of inhalation exposure limit values, the workplace is well ventilated through an effective local aspiration system or other technical equipment, in order to maintain airborne levels below the exposure limits values
- if inhalation exposure limit values are not applicable, a good general ventilation is generally sufficient for most operations
- an emergency shower with face and eye wash station is available
- personal protective equipment is CE marked, in compliance with applicable standards

Individual protection measures

Use in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapours. Do not get in eyes and on skin.

Adopt a correct personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas.

Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Eye protection:

Use eye protecting goggles suitable to chemical risks.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin.

Protection for hands:

Protect hands with gloves suitable for protection against chemical agents (see standard EN 374).

In case of short-term exposure (splash protection):

Nitrile, neoprene or butyl rubber gloves

Breakthrough time: 30 min

Minimum thickness: 0.4 mm

In case of long-term exposure:

Butyl rubber, Viton or nitrile gloves

Breakthrough time: 480 min

Minimum thickness: 0.7 mm

The information provided here is indicative. The following parameters should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, failure time and permeability.

In case of chemical mixtures, the work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and frequency of use.

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation or mists/vapours/aerosol exposure (eg. spray application) use local aspiration system or a respiratory protective equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Appearance and colour:	fluid, colourless	UNI EN ISO 15528:2003 (3.11+6.7)/UNI EN ISO 1513:1996	--
Odour:	characteristic	--	--
Odour threshold:	Not available	--	--
pH:	10 +/- 1 (1:10)	UNI EN 1245:2011	--
Melting point / freezing point:	0 °C	Expert judgement	--
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	100 °C	Expert judgement	--
Flash point:	>93 °C	Expert judgement	--
Evaporation rate:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Solid/gas flammability:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Vapour pressure:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Vapour density:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Relative density:	1.00 +/- 0.05 g/cm ³	UNI EN ISO 2811-1	--
Solubility in water:	miscible	(1:10) water	--
Solubility in oil:	not miscible in organic solvents	Expert judgement	--
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not Relevant*	--	--
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Decomposition temperature:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Viscosity:	Not available	--	--
Explosive properties:	Not Relevant*	--	--
Oxidizing properties:	Not Relevant*	--	--

*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Miscibility:	Not available	--	--

Fat Solubility:	Not available	--	--
Conductivity:	Not available	--	--
Substance Groups relevant properties	Not available	--	--

*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

VOC total content: 8-10%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None in particular in the normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable under normal storage/use conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May produce toxic and noxious fumes in case of fire.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

Serious eye damage/irritation

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Further information

Inhalation: may cause drowsiness and headaches.

Toxicological information of the product:

a) acute toxicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

b) skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

c) serious eye damage/irritation

The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1 H318

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

e) germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

f) carcinogenicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

g) reproductive toxicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

h) STOT-single exposure

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

i) STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

j) aspiration hazard

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 1300 mg/kg

Isotrideceth ethoxylated alcohol - CAS: 9043-30-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 200-2000 mg/kg

Further information

No one in particular.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt sound working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Not classified for environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Isotrideceth ethoxylated alcohol - CAS: 9043-30-5

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Leuciscus Idus = 1-10 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

None

Not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

This material is NOT RESTRICTED for transportation (ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA, ICAO).

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not available

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not available

14.4. Packing group

Not available

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not available

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

Restriction 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

No restriction.

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Based on information we have, a Chemical Safety Assessment, if expected, has been carried out for the substances in the mixture by the manufacturer or the importer.

SECTION 16: Other information

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Further information

The information is considered correct, but it is not exhaustive and it shall be used only as a guide which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and it is applicable to the safety precautions appropriate for the product.

The information given is based on our present knowledge, at the time of sending the data sheet and only serves for describing the product for security reasons, without guaranteeing specific properties.

Due to the various uses of our product and for factors not dependent on us, no responsibility is accepted for the use of this information.

Please keep your records up to date and make this sheet available to all relevant personnel. This safety sheet cancels and substitutes any other previous issue.

Main bibliographic sources:

NIOSH - Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983)

I.N.R.S. - Fiche Toxicologique

ECHA database on registered substances (<http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx>)

ECHA Classification and Labelling Inventory (http://echa.europa.eu/clp/c_l_inventory_en.asp)

GESTIS hazardous substances database of German Berufsgenossenschaften

(<http://www.dguv.de/ifa/Gefahrstoffdatenbanken/GESTIS-Stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>)

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.